

SANCID 2012 Symposium

'Irrigation in a Changing Environment'

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Chairman: SANCID



South African National Committee on Irrigation and Drainage

'Irrigation in a Changing Environment'



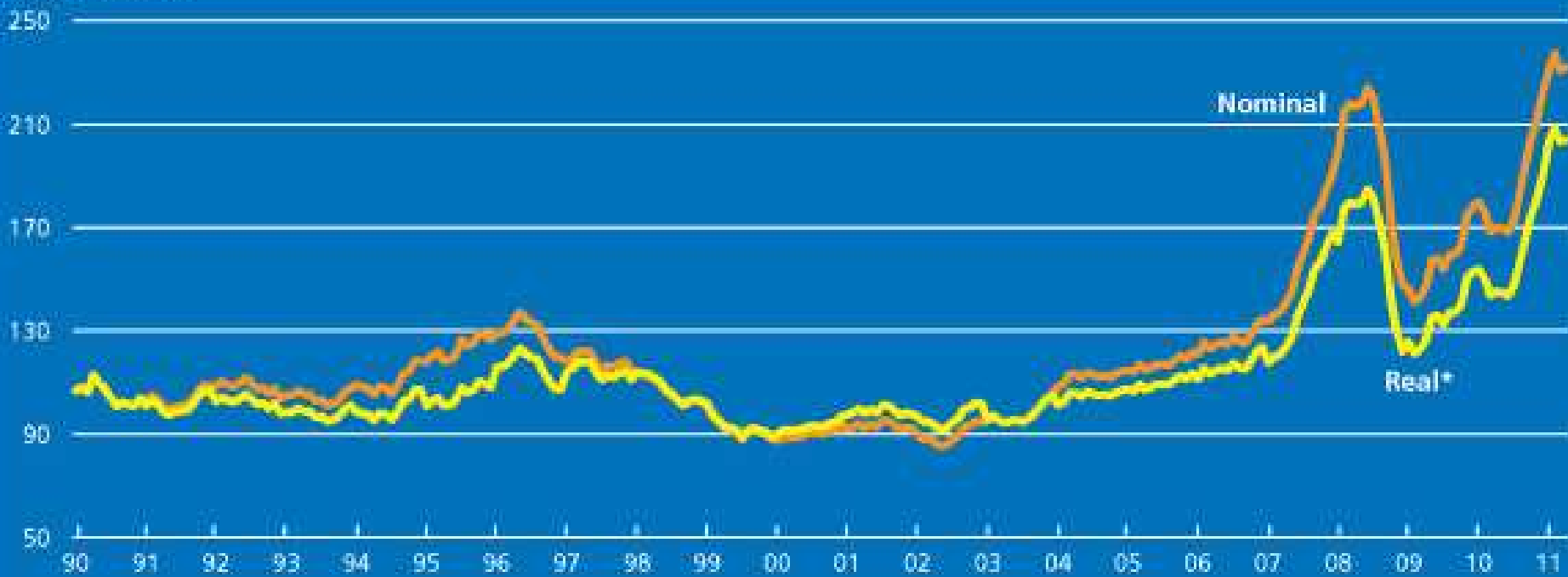
Current Drivers:

- The continuing food crisis and volatile food prices
- Climate variability – floods and droughts
- Competition from other water users
- Population growth
- Lack of water storage capacity
- Demands for energy and alternative fuels
- Changing dietary patterns
- Weak institutional capacity
- Lack of investments in agriculture and water
- Weakened applied research and technology transfer capabilities
- Environmental and water quality degradation

Price Volatility

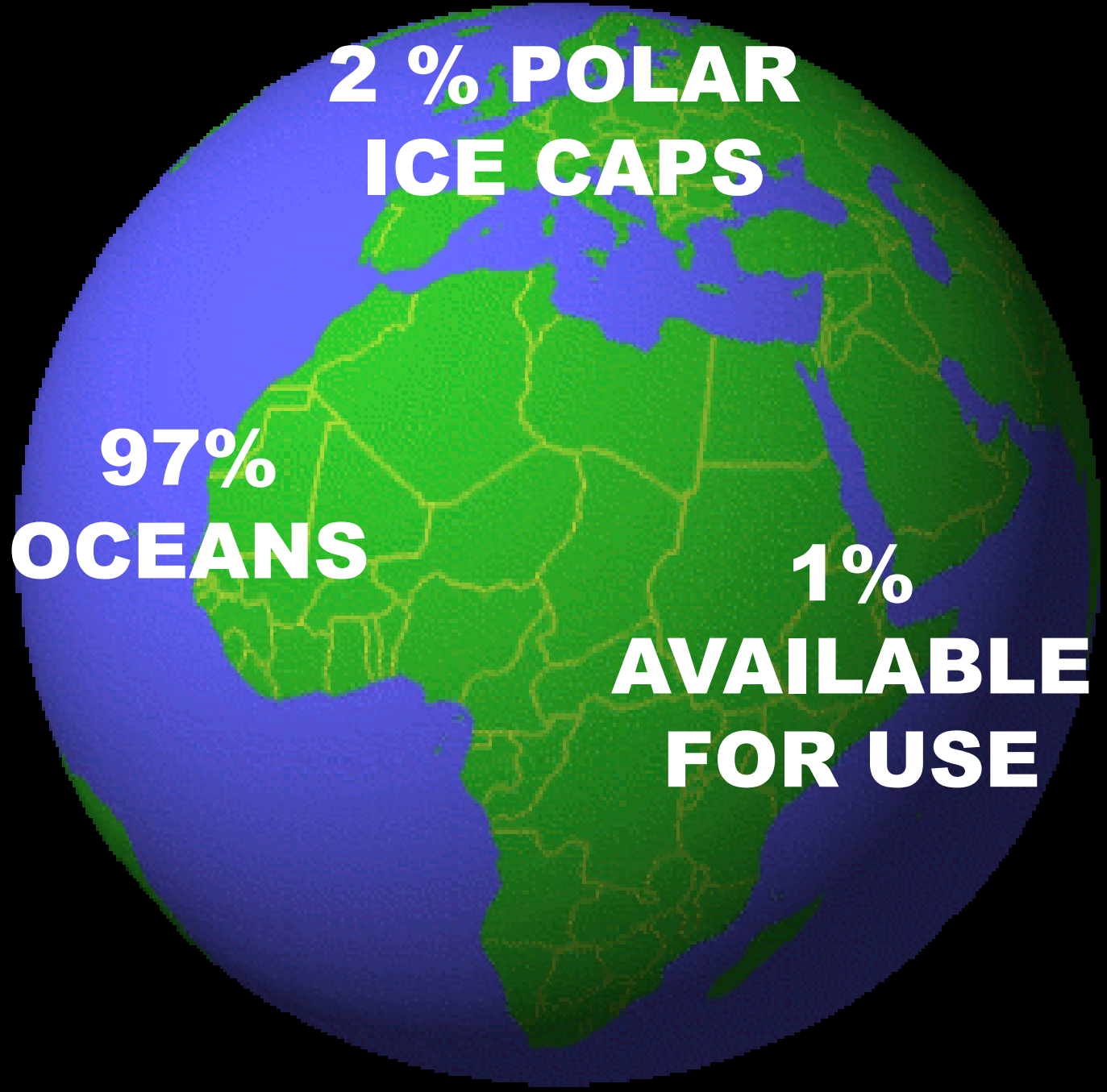
FAO Food Price Index

2002-2004=100

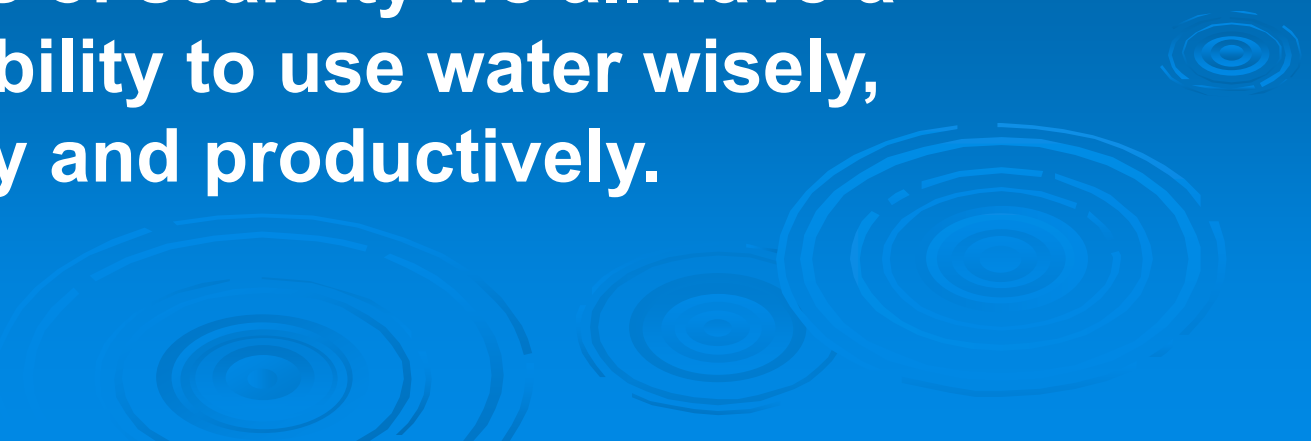


* The real price index is the nominal price index deflated by the World Bank Manufactures Unit Value Index (MUV)

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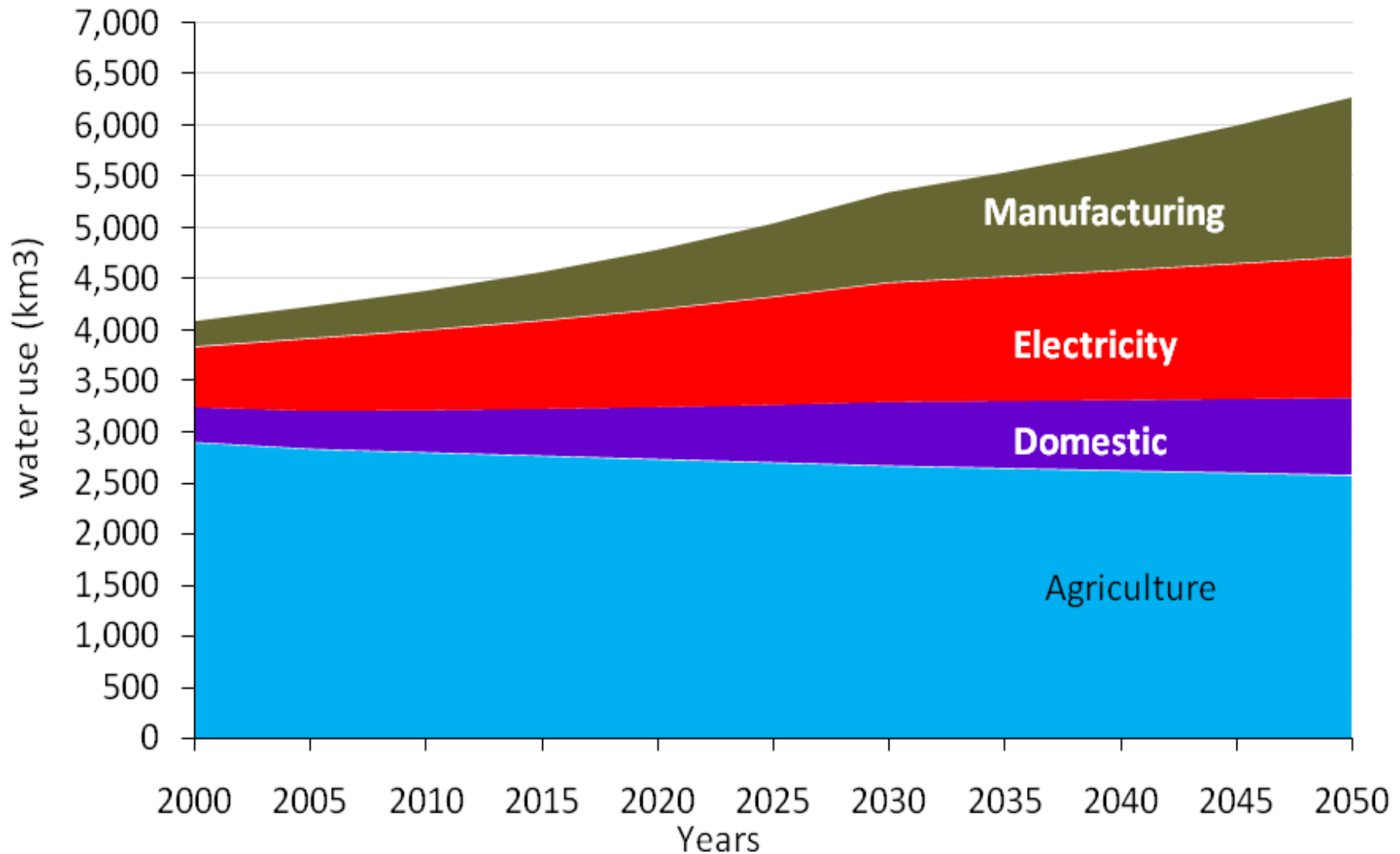


The importance of water:

- **Water is the key to food security**
 - without water, crops simply cannot grow.
 - **Water is not just for primary production**
 - it plays a vital role at all stages along the agricultural value chain
 - **Water for agriculture connects us all together like no other resource.**
 - In times of scarcity we all have a responsibility to use water wisely, efficiently and productively.
- 

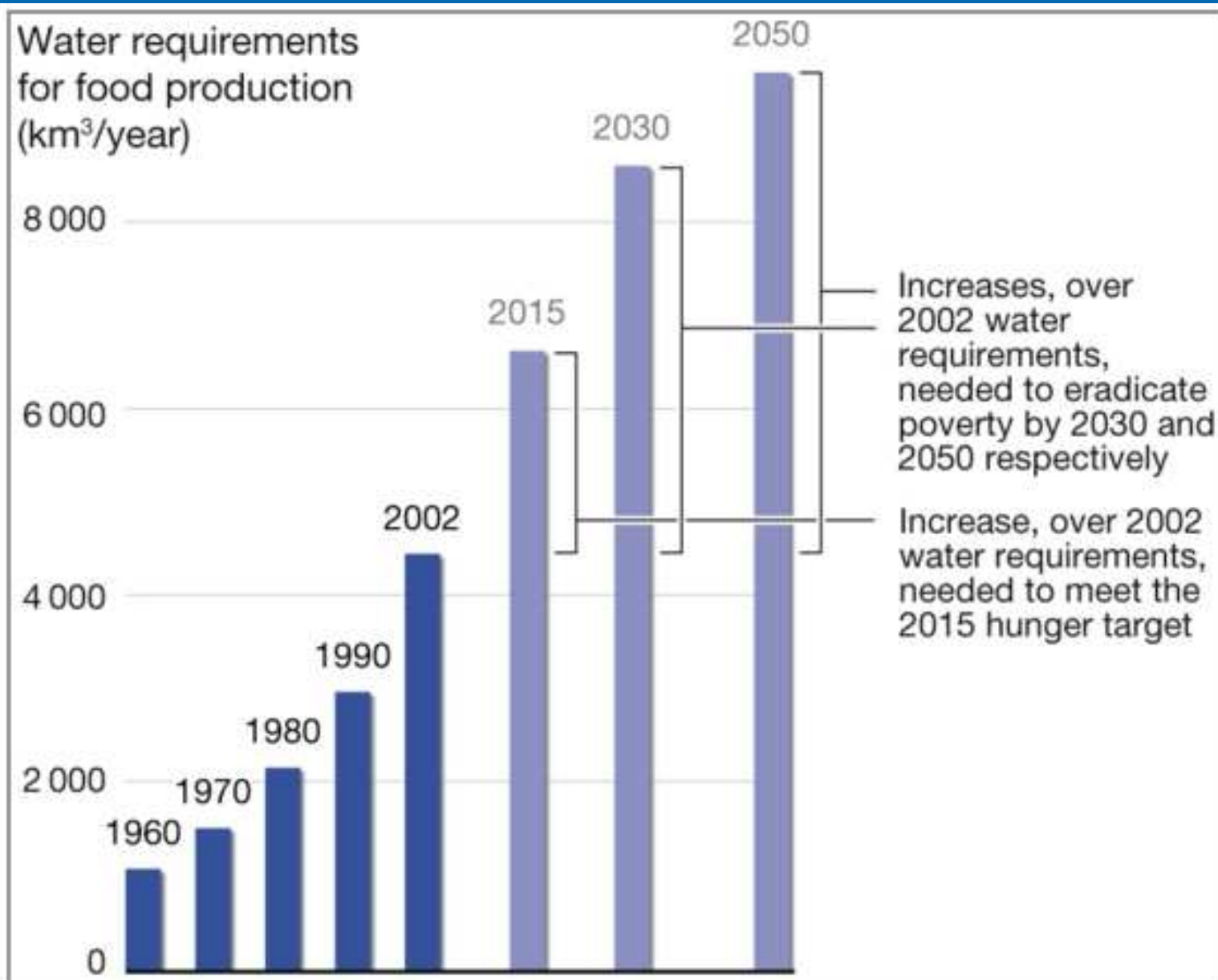


RISING WATER DEMAND FROM OTHER SECTORS



Source: FAO 2009

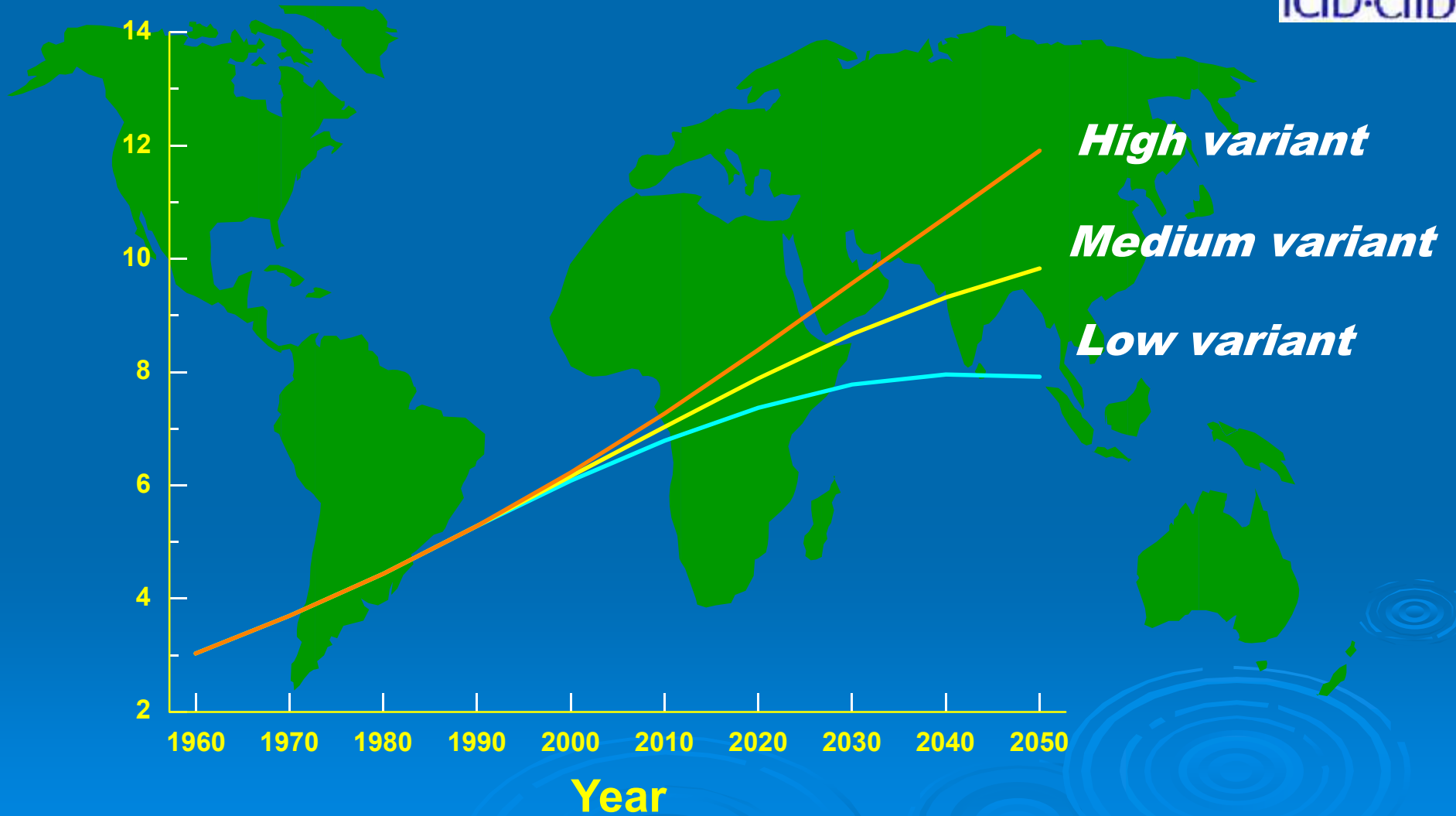
Water requirements for food production 1960-2050



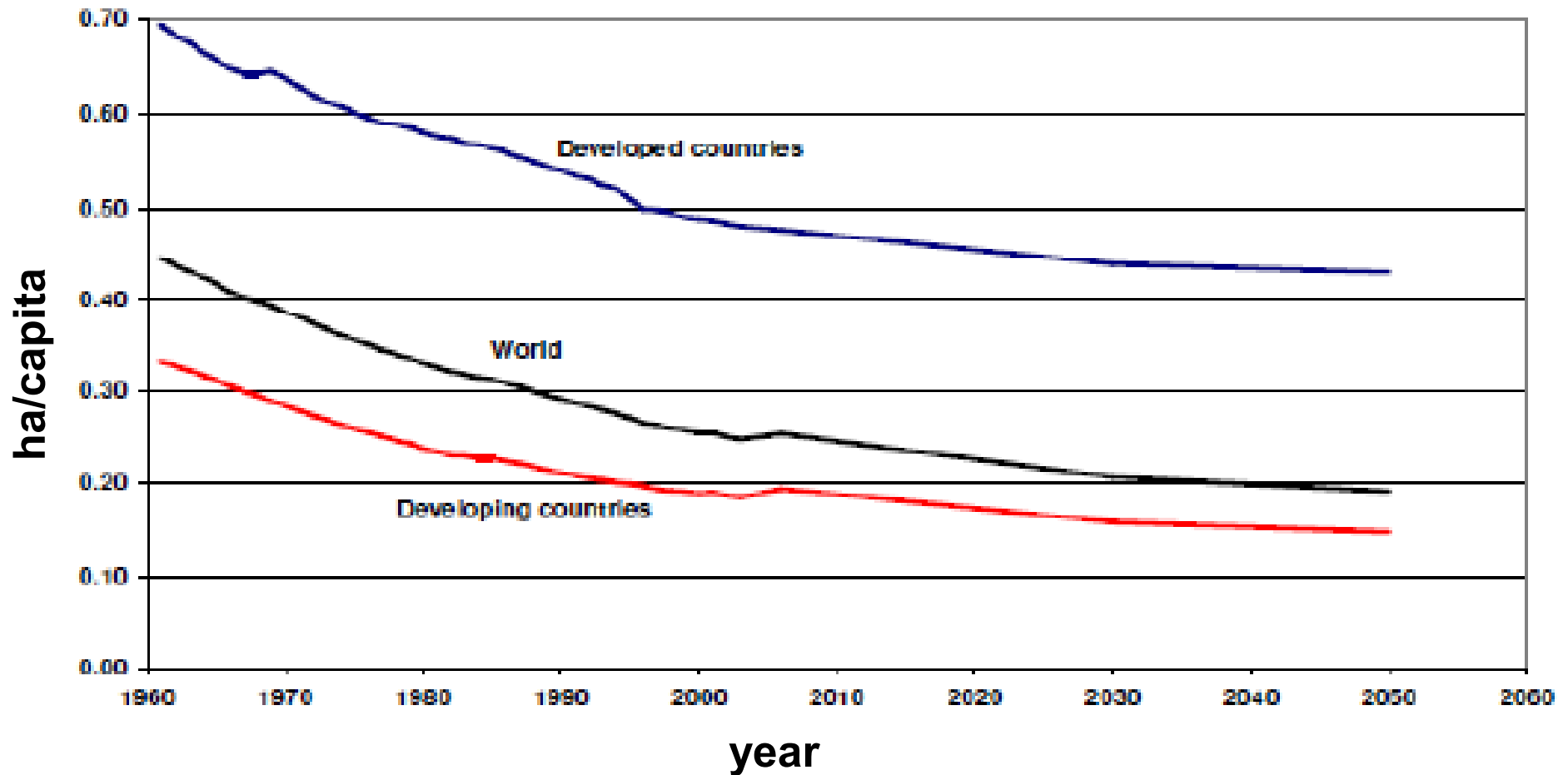
Global Population 1960 - 2050



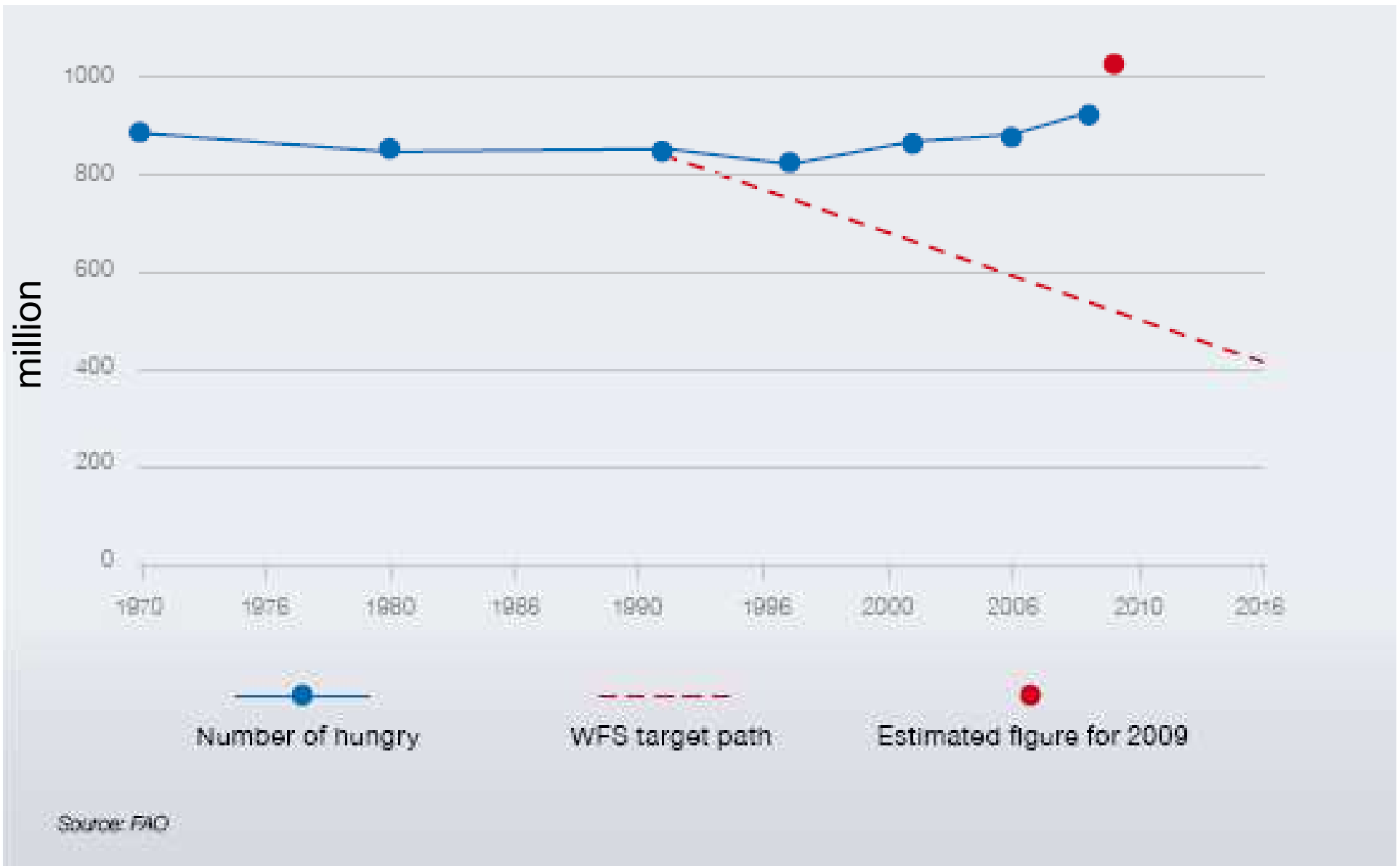
billion



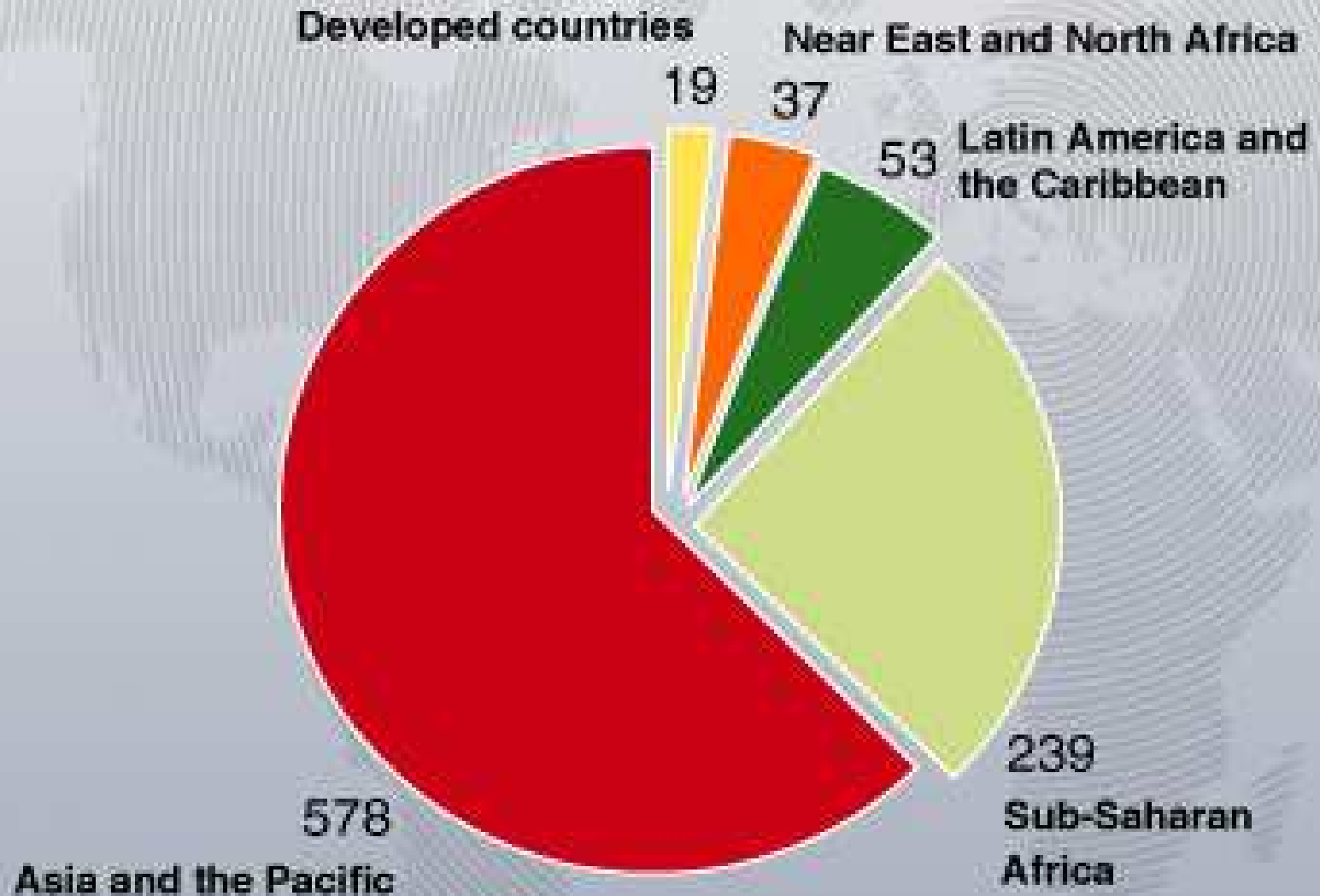
Arable land per capita in ha



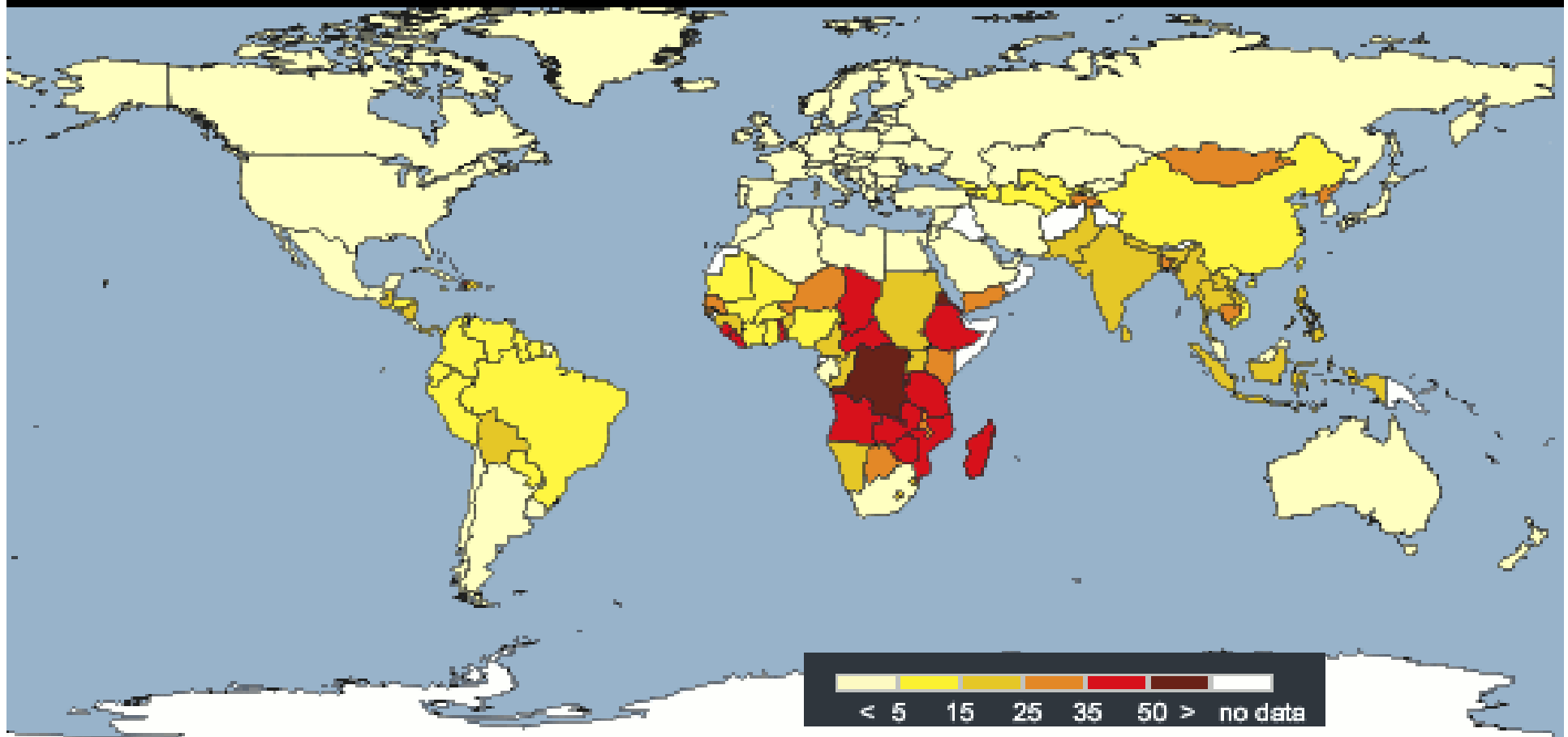
Number of hungry people in the world



Global Food Crisis: 925 million people hungry in 2010



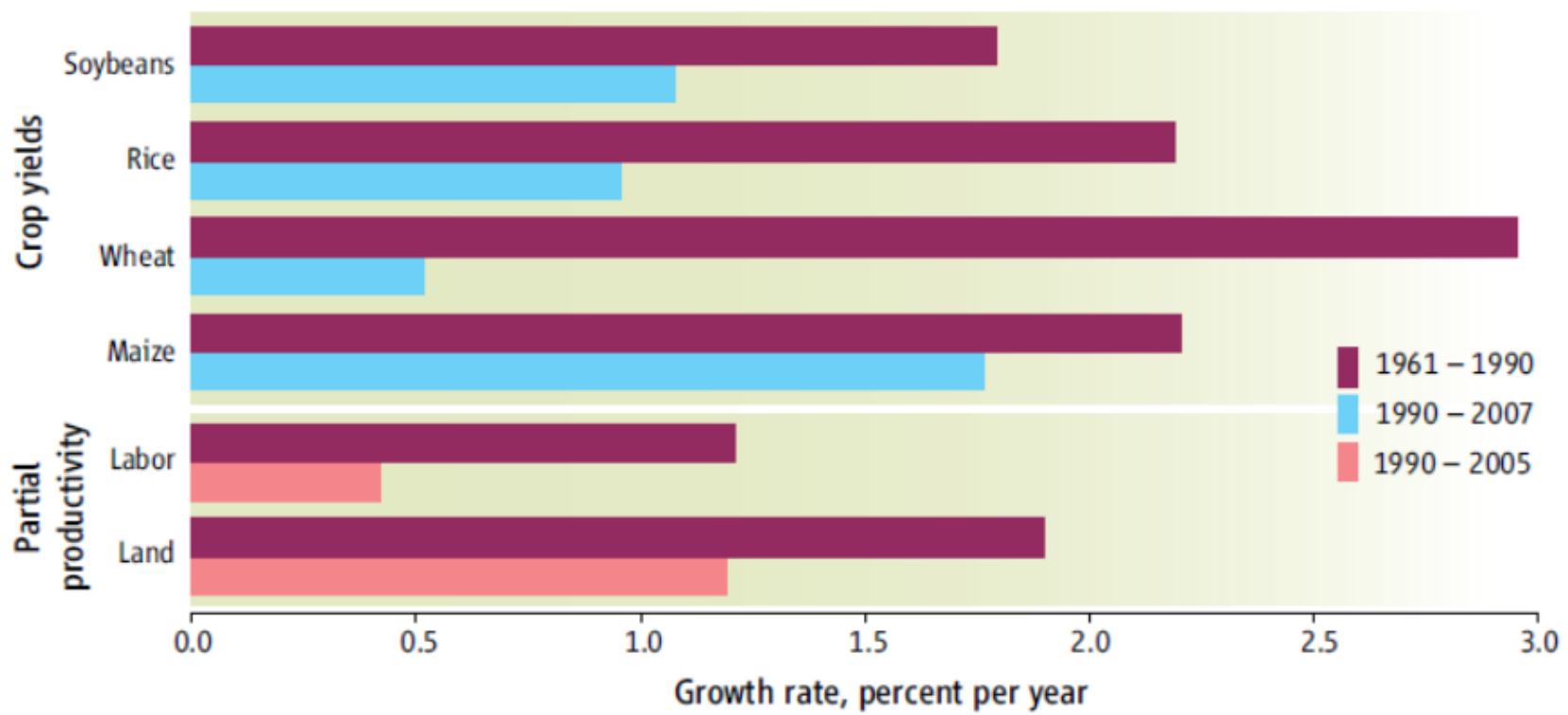
Undernourishment in Total Population (%)



Food production needs to double over the next 25 years to meet population demands

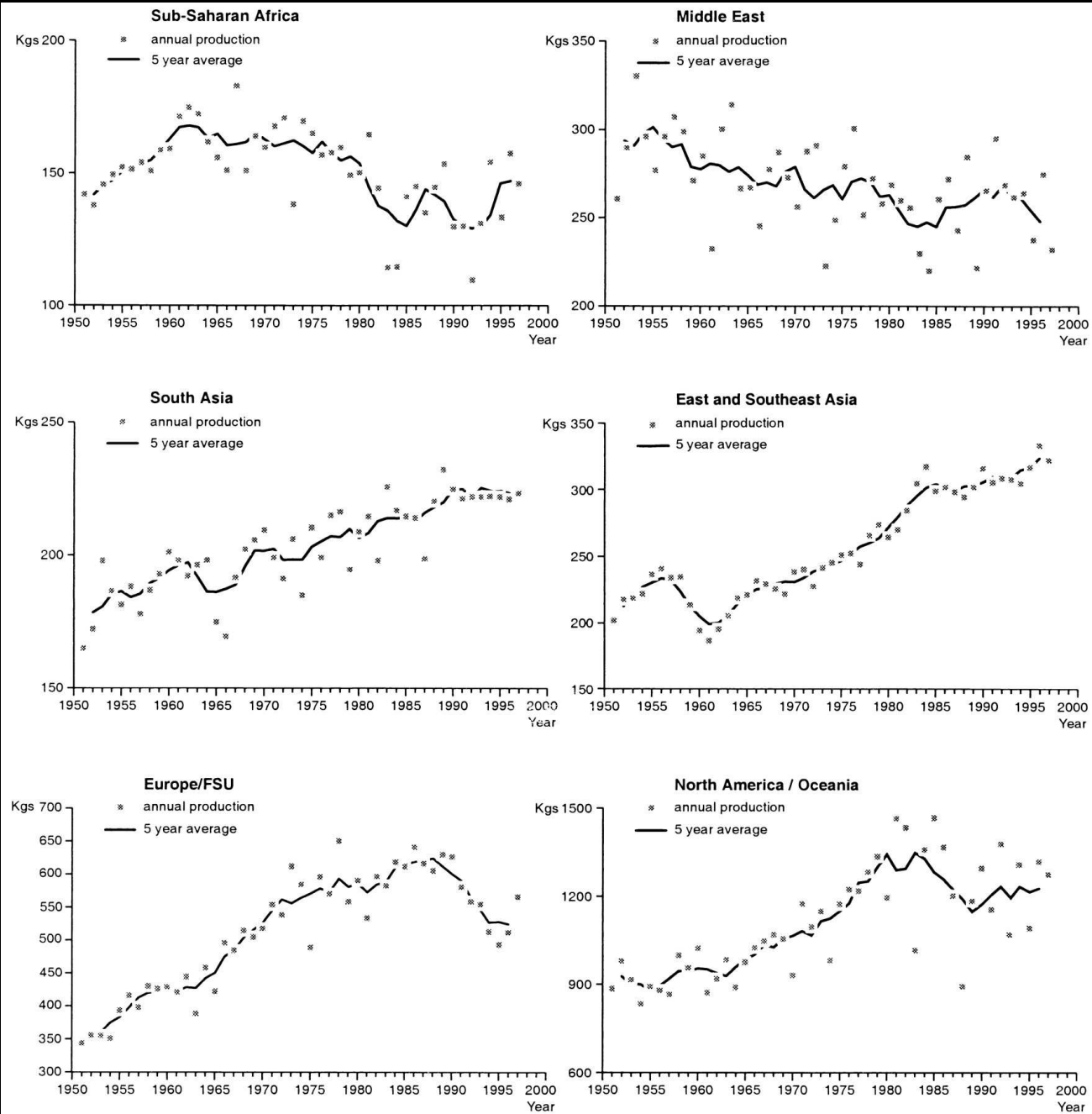


Limitations to crop growth



(Source: Alston et al. 2009, Science.)

Per-capita cereal production by world region



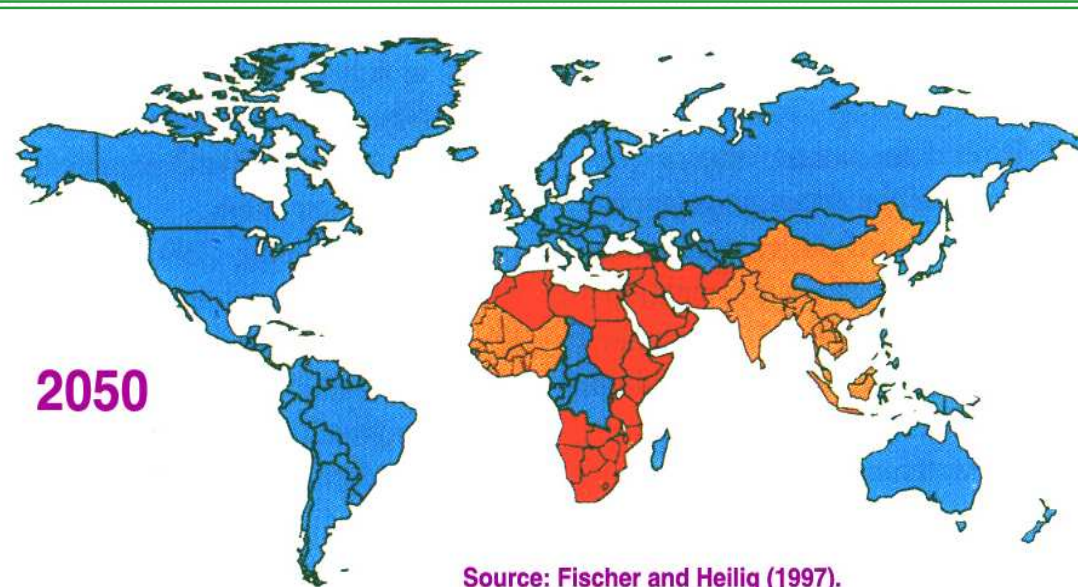
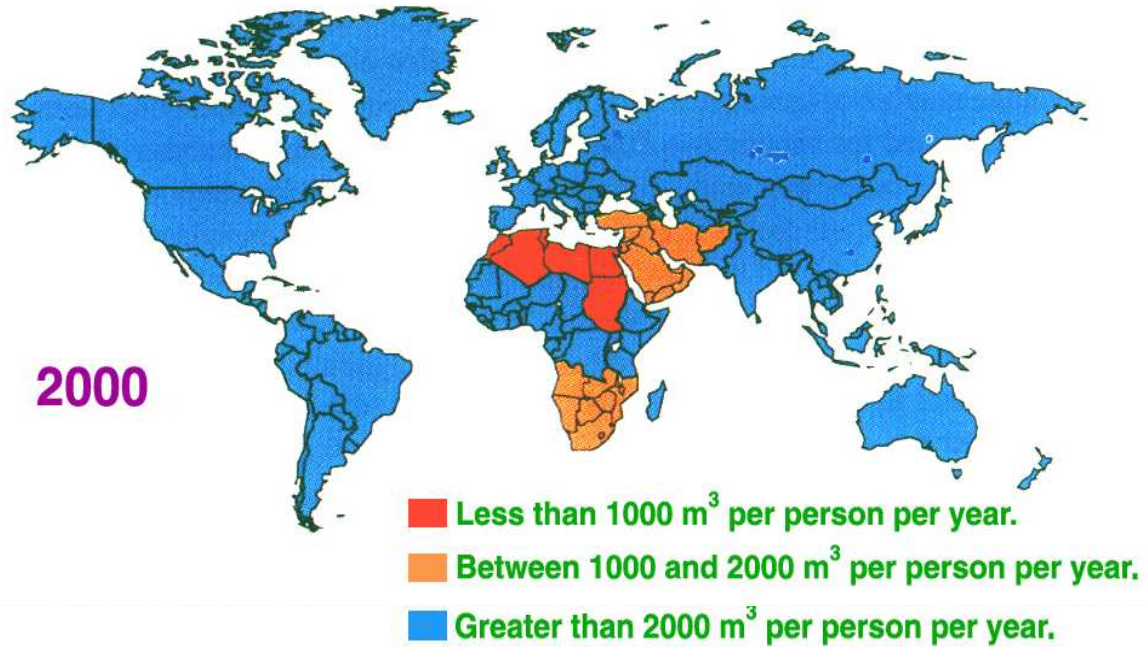
A close-up photograph of a person's hands cupped together, holding a small amount of water. The hands are positioned in the foreground, with the water reflecting the surrounding environment. In the background, there is a body of water, likely a pond or a slow-moving stream, with several tall, green reeds or grasses growing out of it. The water in the background is dark and still, reflecting the sky and the surrounding greenery. The overall scene is natural and serene, but the text overlay suggests a message of concern about water scarcity.

*Two thirds of the
world's population*

**WILL BE AFFECTED BY
WATER SHORTAGES
BY THE YEAR 2030**



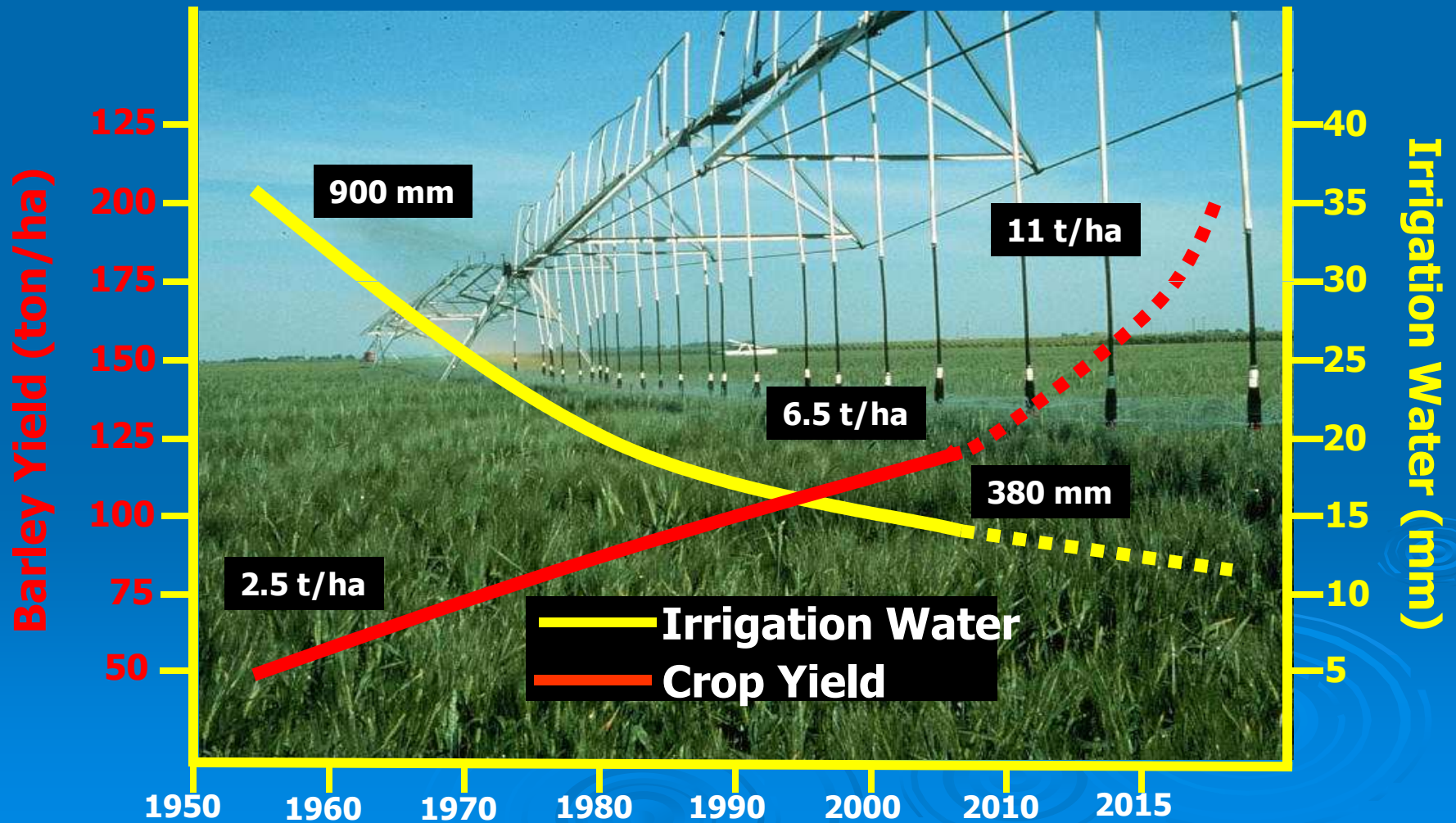
Global Water Scarcity



Much has been done.....



Increasing the Productivity of Irrigation Water



But much more remains to be done.....



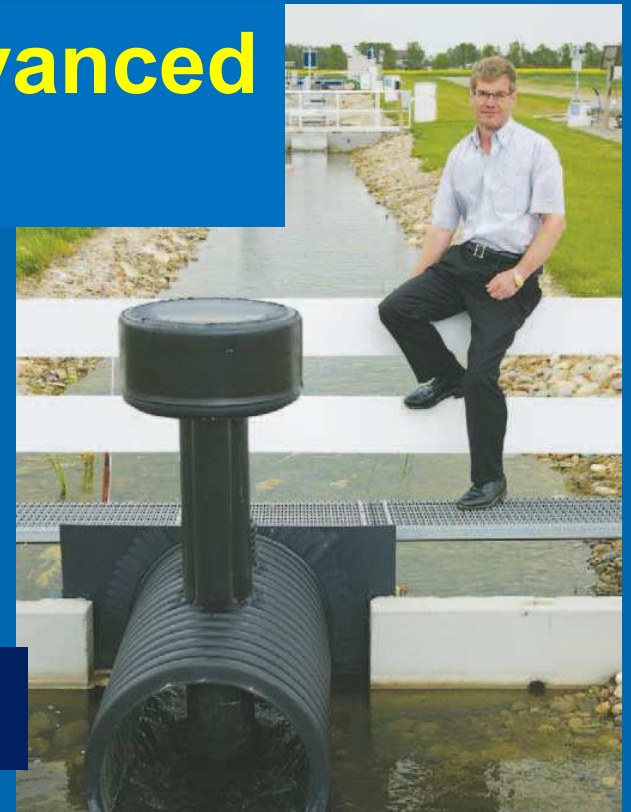
Under-investment in infrastructure and rehabilitation and maintenance



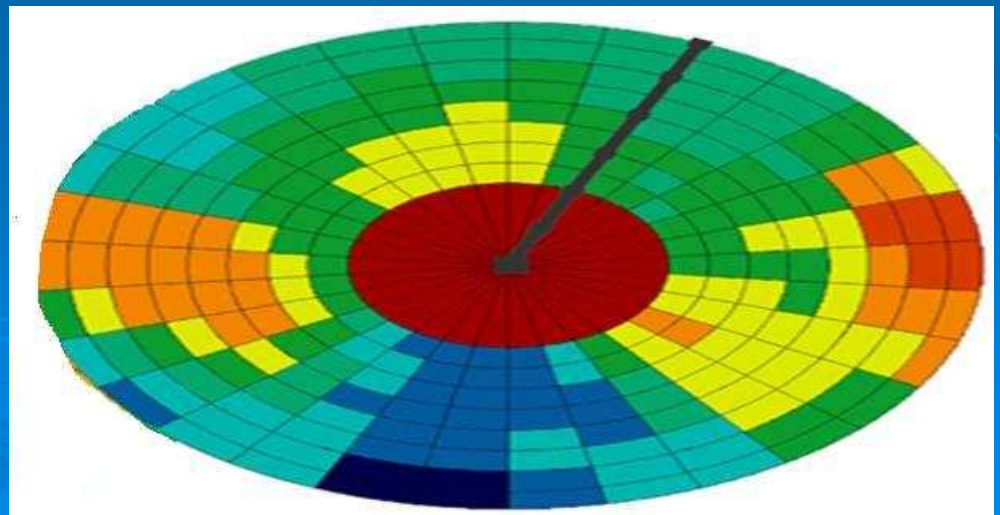
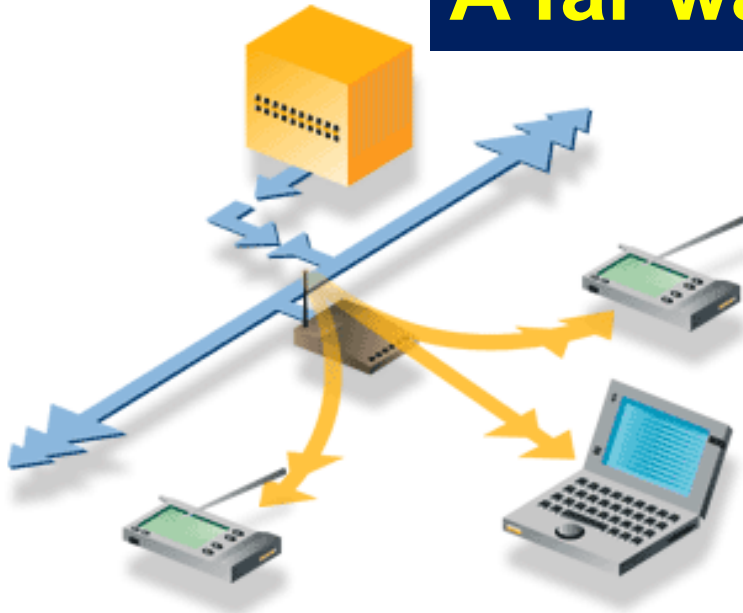
UNDER-INVESTMENT IN R&D, TECH TRANSFER AND CAPACITY BUILDING



Rapid introduction of advanced technologies



A far way to go....





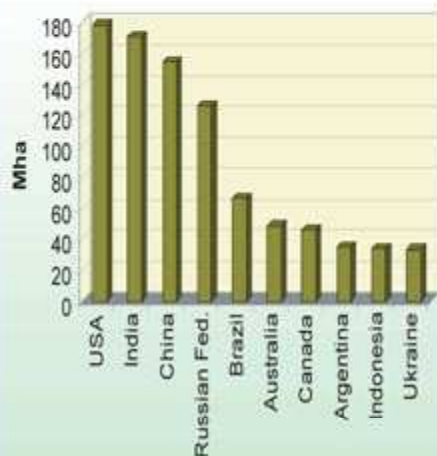


ICID-CIID

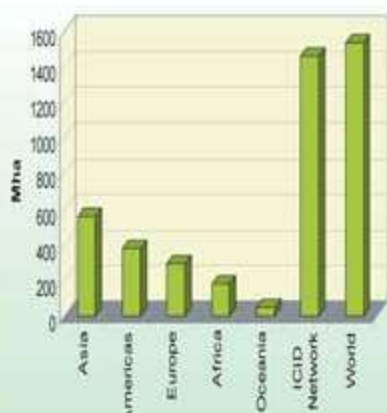
Arable and Permanent Cropped Area

Top Ten Countries in the World (2002)

Sr. No.	Country	Arable and Permanent Cropped Area (Mha)
1	USA	178.1
2	India	170.1
3	China	153.9
4	Russian Fed.	125.5
5	Brazil	66.6
6	Australia	48.6
7	Canada	45.9
8	Argentina	35.0
9	Indonesia	33.7
10	Ukraine	33.5
* Total		891
* World		1534
* Top 10 as %		58.1



Regionwise ICID Network Coverage (2002)



Sr. No.	Region	Arable & Permanent Cropped Area (Mha)
1	Asia	556
2	Americas	378
3	Europe	293
4	Africa	177
5	Oceania	52
* ICID Network		1455 (95%)
* World		1534
Percentage of World		
* USA		11.6%
* India		11.1%
* China		10.0%

Source : ICID (2005), FAO (2003)

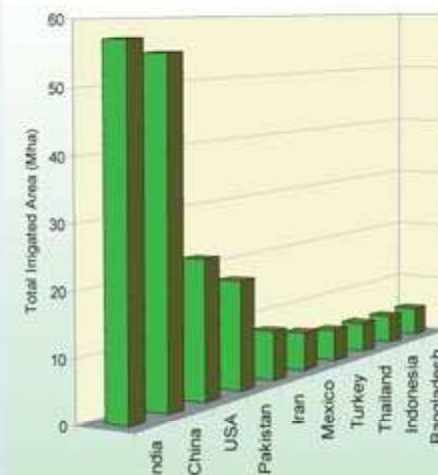


ICID-CIID

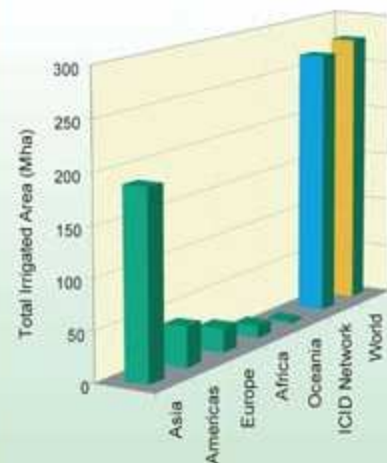
Irrigated Area

Top Ten Countries in the World (2002)

Sr. No.	Country	Total Irrigated Area (Mha) (% of the World)
1	India	57.2
2	China	54.9
3	USA	22.5
4	Pakistan	17.8
5	Iran	8.1
6	Mexico	6.3
7	Turkey	5.2
8	Thailand	5.0
9	Indonesia	4.8
10	Bangladesh	4.7
* Total		187
* World		277
* Top 10 as % of the world		67.3



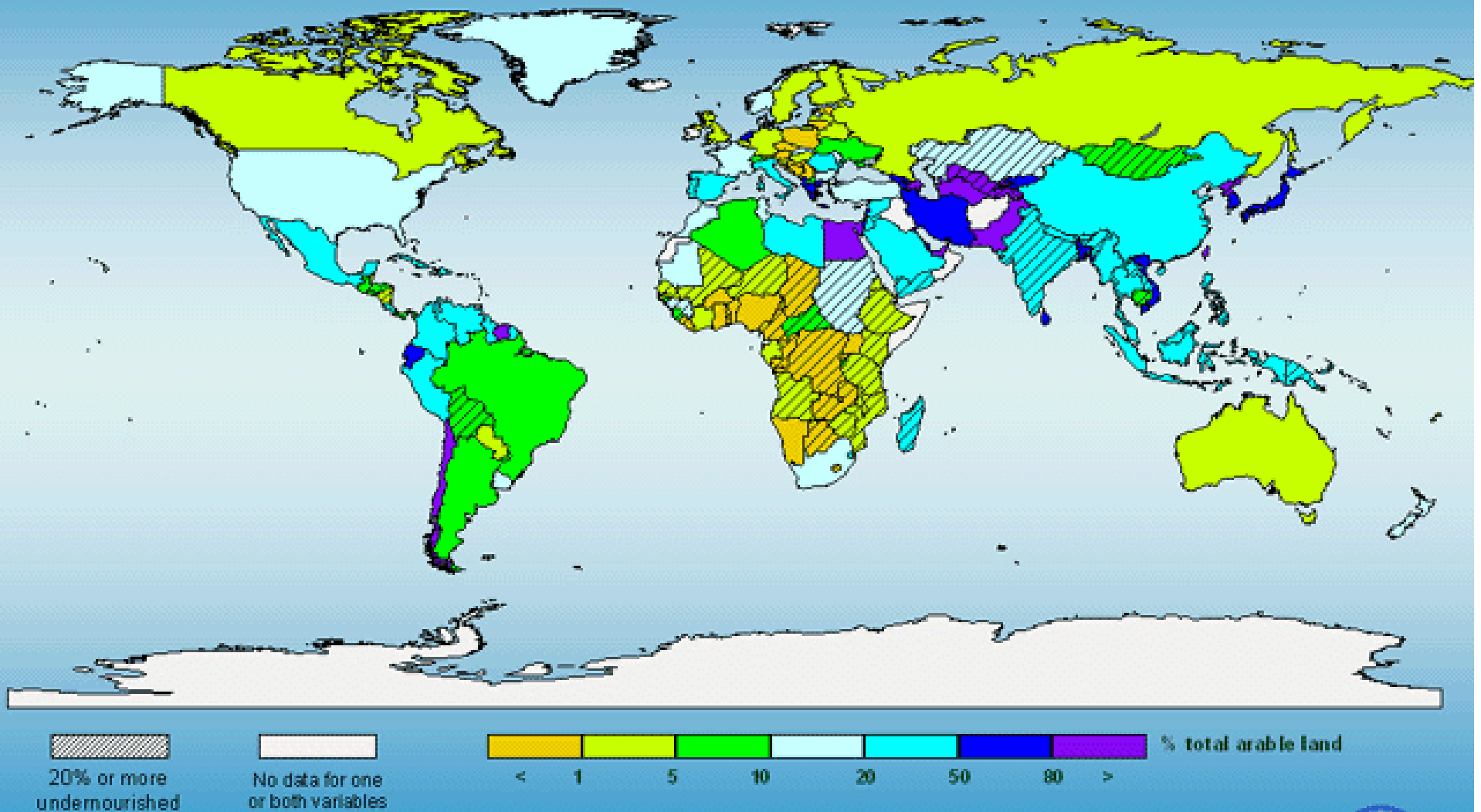
Regionwise ICID Network Coverage (2002)



Sr. No.	Region	Total Irrigated Area (Mha)
1	Asia	188
2	Americas	41
3	Europe	24
4	Africa	12
5	Oceania	2
* ICID Network		268 (97%)
* World		277
Percentage of World		
* China		20.6%
* India		19.8%

Source : ICID (2005), FAO (2003)

Irrigated Land (2000)

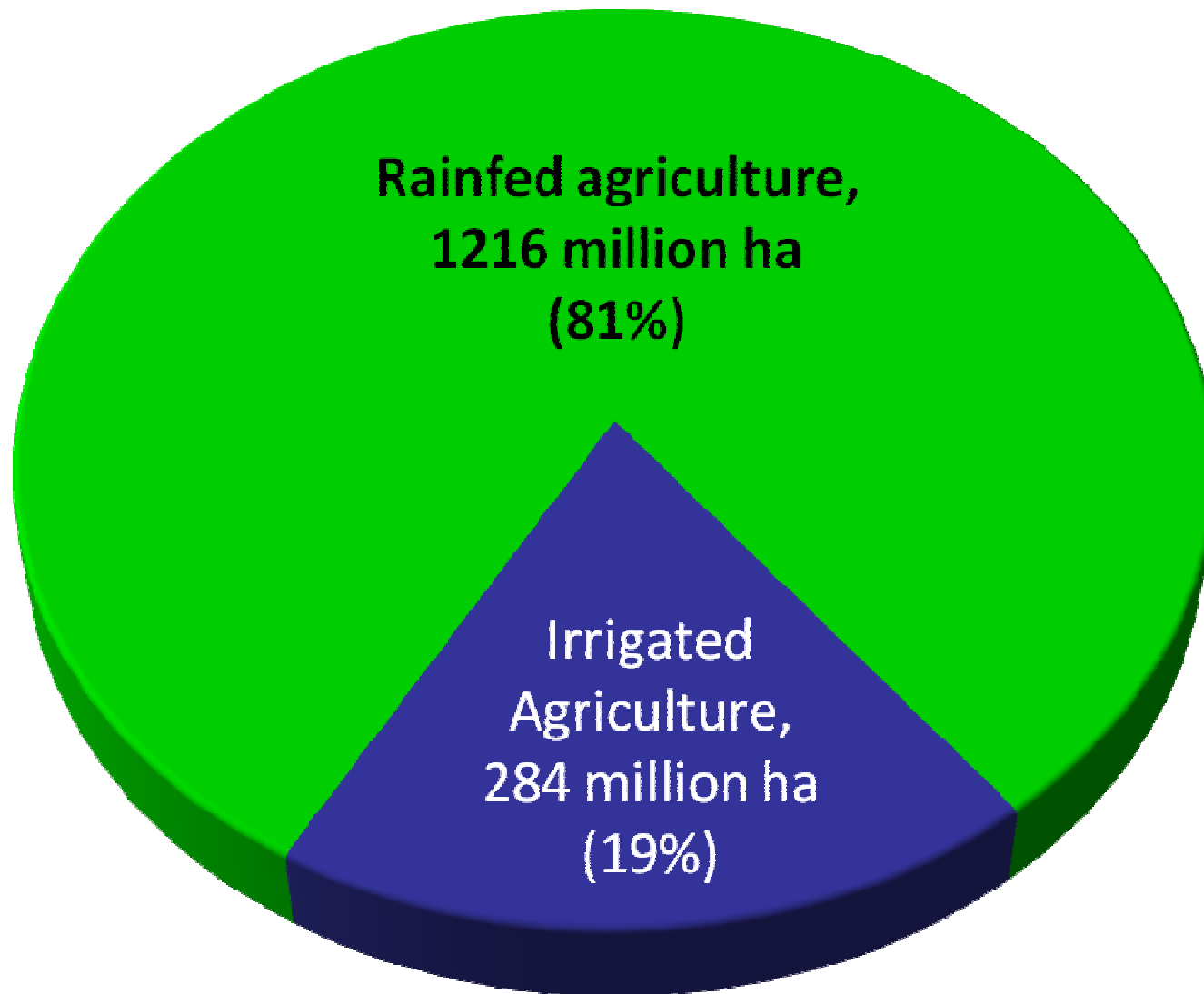


Map 16

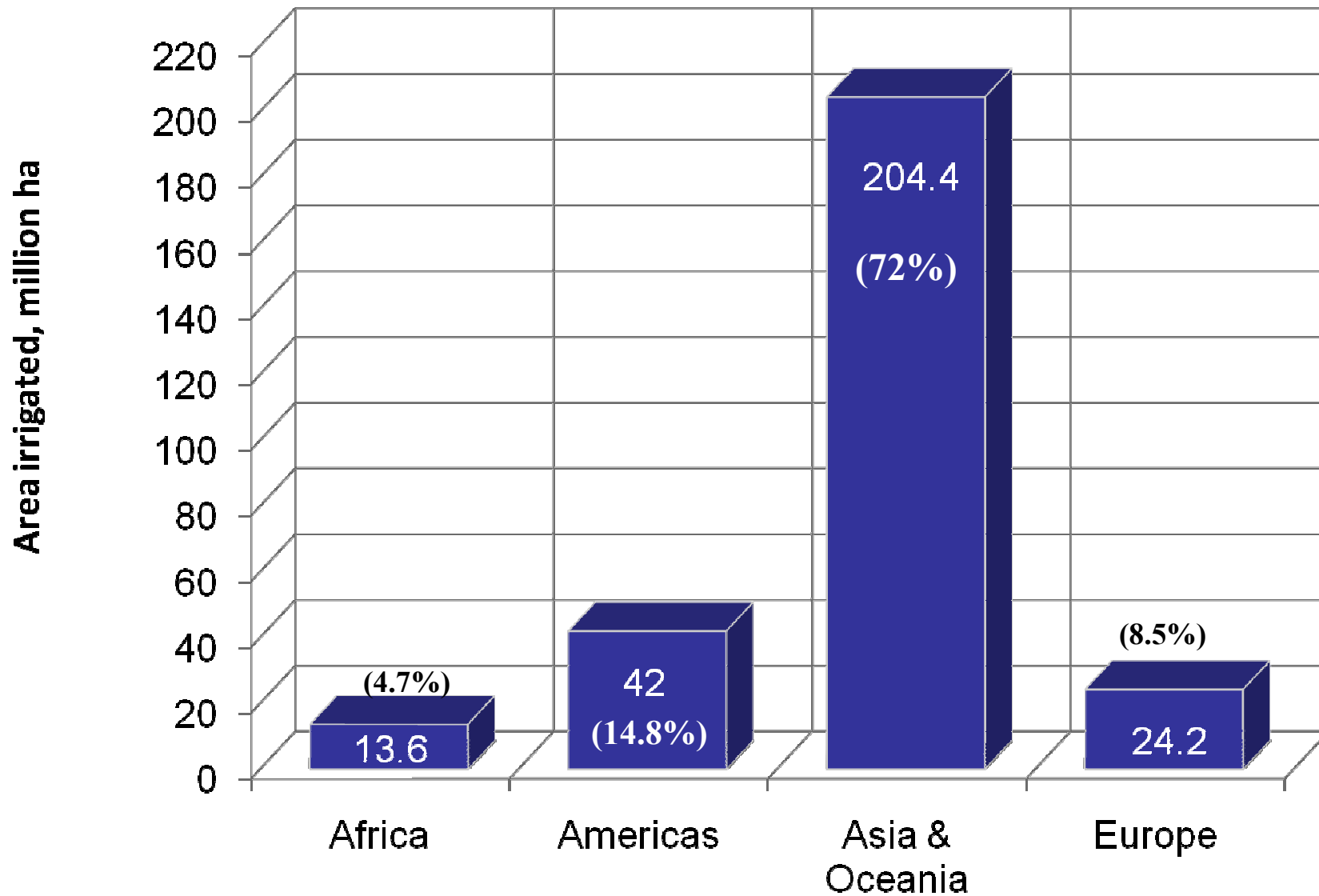
Based on data from FAOSTAT.
Prepared by: FAO Statistics Division
Rome, 2003



Global irrigated area



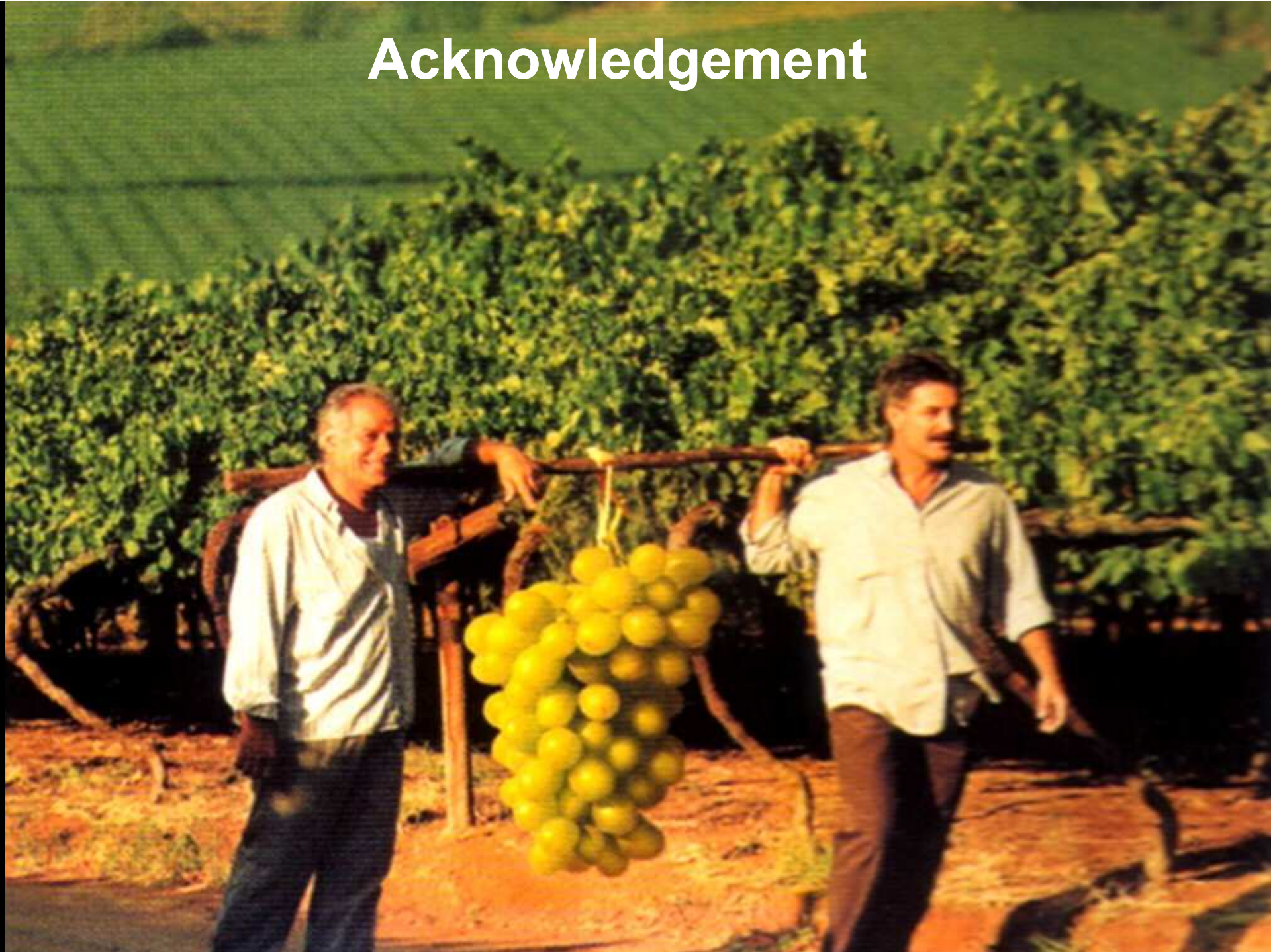
Region wise Irrigated Area



IN CONCLUSION



Acknowledgement



SANCID 2012 SYMPOSIUM

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**SANCID celebrates 19 years of excellence,
with a small beginning in 1993 and great
achievements since then within a
competitive international arena.**

**It therefore gives me great pleasure to
welcome you to the**

2012 SANCID Symposium

here at

Alpine Heath Resort,

Northern Drakensberg (KwaZulu-Natal)

South Africa.

Apart from the magic that you'll find here in the Drakensberg you have been searching for, where you can forget the stress & strains of the City Life , you will have the opportunity to explore the theme of the Symposium:

'Irrigation in a Changing Environment'

through 31 excellent papers that will be presented by expert presenters.

Enjoy the journey

