

The water-use of fruit tree orchards: Project Update



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Water-use of fruit tree orchards - WRC Project K5/1770

The challenge

- Agriculture uses $\pm 60\%$ of surface water in South Africa
- 90% of fruit production is dependent on irrigation
- Increasing water stress & competition: How to use less water without reducing fruit quality and yield?
- Traditional soil moisture methods are indirect & less accurate (percolation / evaporation)

The research and development

- Measurement of transpiration and total evaporation of fruit trees and orchards using new instrumentation and techniques
- Long-term monitoring across wide-ranging sites for priority fruit tree species
- Development of water-use models & crop factors for optimum irrigation scheduling in fruit tree orchards



The approach

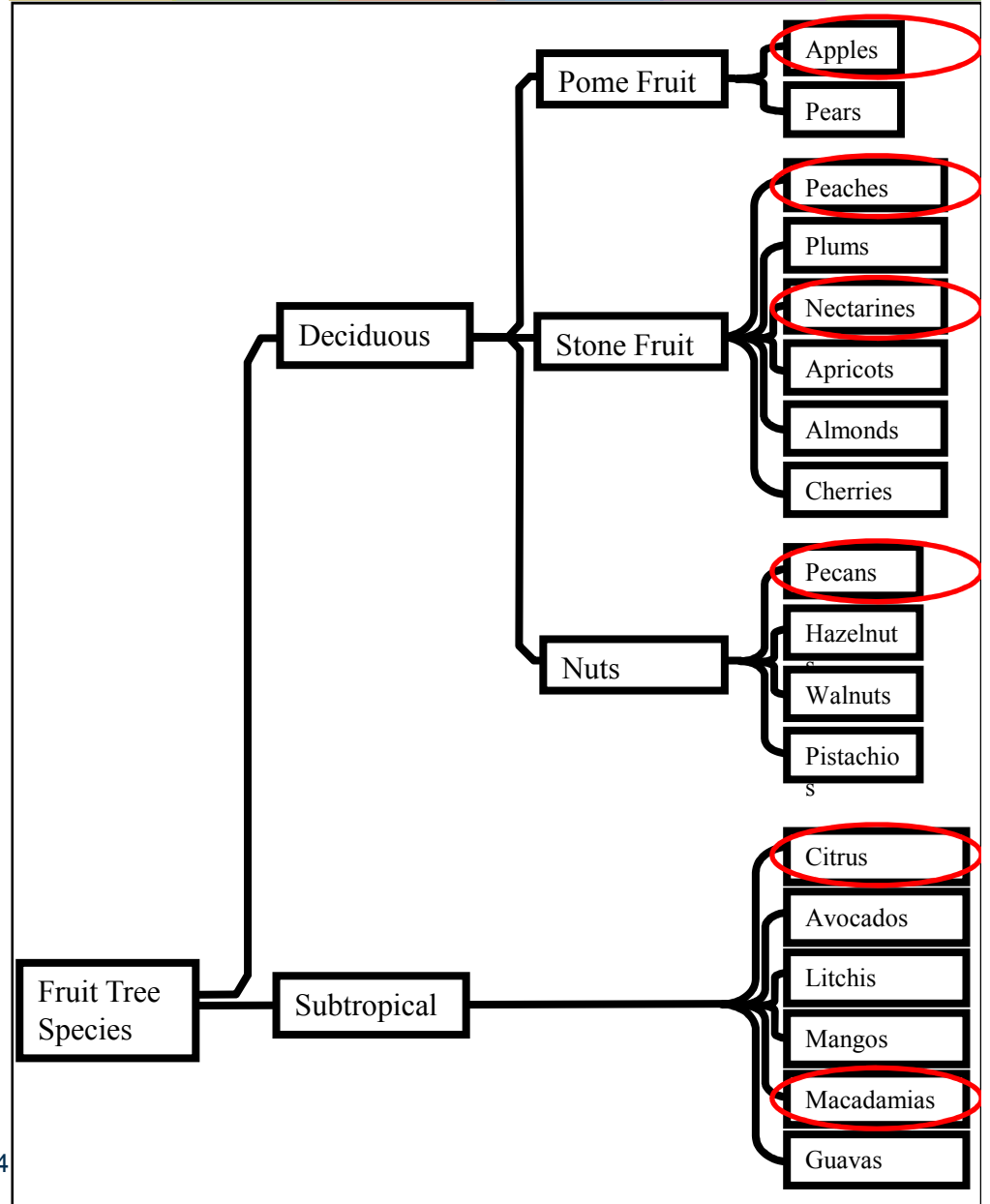
- **Project** duration April 2007 to March 2014 (7 years)
- **Reviewed** international knowledge on the water use of fruit trees
- **Ranked** & selected the most important fruit tree species in SA
- **Selected** min of 4 fruit tree species incorporating sub-tropical & deciduous species in winter and summer rainfall areas (pome, stone, citrus and nut varieties) - TOR
- **Measured** unstressed water use & additional variables for up to 2-years in the field at each site
- **Testing** the most appropriate crop water use model(s) for the selected fruit tree species.
- **Deriving** monthly Crop Coefficients (K_{cb} & K_c) for each species
- **Disseminating** information to IAPs (ongoing)

The water-use of fruit tree orchards

Species selection



- Listed main fruit tree species grown in South Africa (excluding grapes and berries)
- Distinguished between subtropical and deciduous species
- Banana & papaya excluded by definition (not woody)





Ranking and selection

- Based on economic importance, production, hectarage & knowledge gaps
- Geographic distribution (rainfall seasonality) & species category (deciduous vs. sub-tropical) considered throughout - TOR
- Preference for farms with best management practice
- Selected widest possible range of priority fruit tree species within constraints of project – pome, stone, citrus and nut species

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Study Sites



Citrusdal

Ceres / Wolseley



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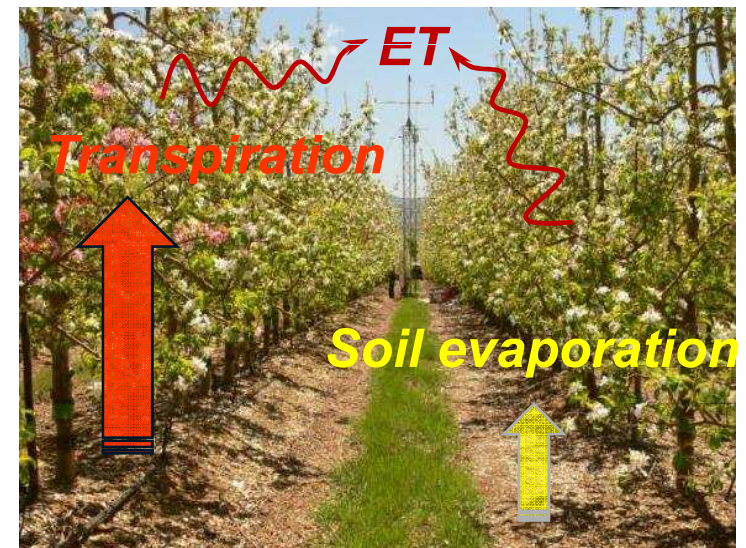
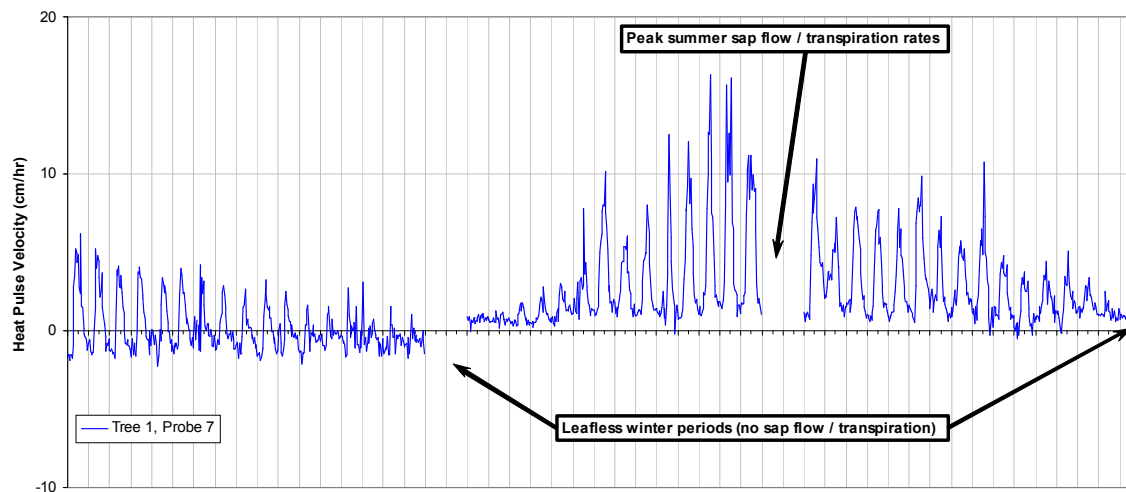


Measurements

- Full suite of climatic variables using Automatic Weather Stations (AWS) – Reference ET_0
- Sap flow / transpiration (Heat Pulse Velocity technique) – 2-yr of continuous hourly measurements
- Total orchard evaporation (Eddy Covariance technique) – seasonal
- Irrigation applications (Timing and amounts) and soil water variation - continuous
- Structural (e.g. dimensions), physiological (e.g. xylem anatomy) and phenological (e.g. timing of bud-burst, flowering, fruiting and leaf area) characteristics and changes of the various fruit tree species over time
- Regular site visits to check systems, change batteries, download data, and record structural, physiological and phenological changes in the trees

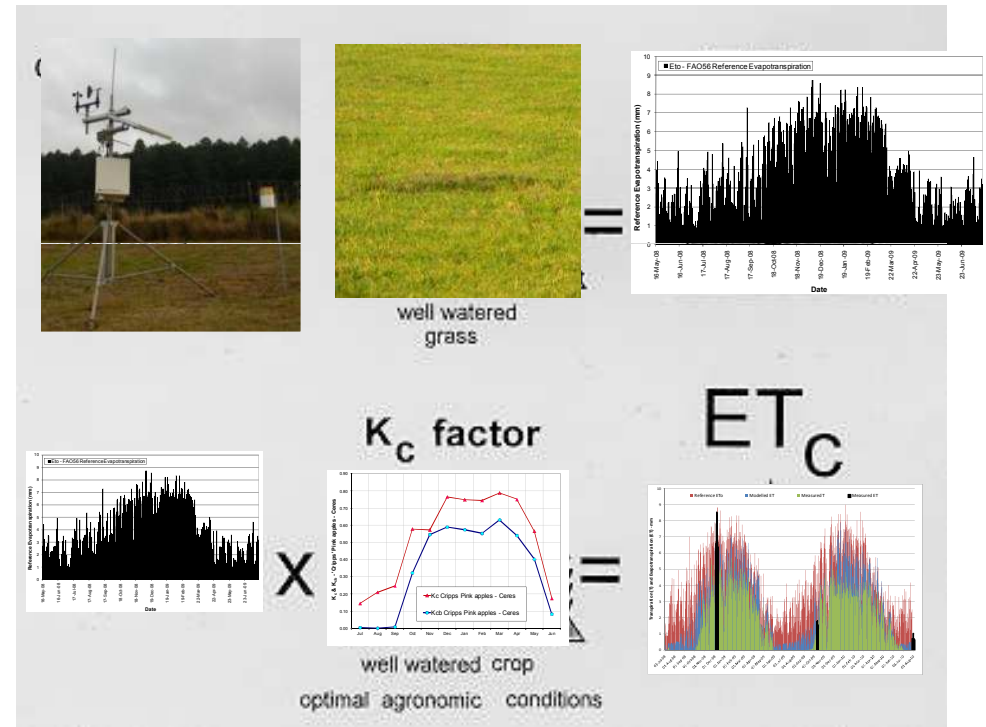
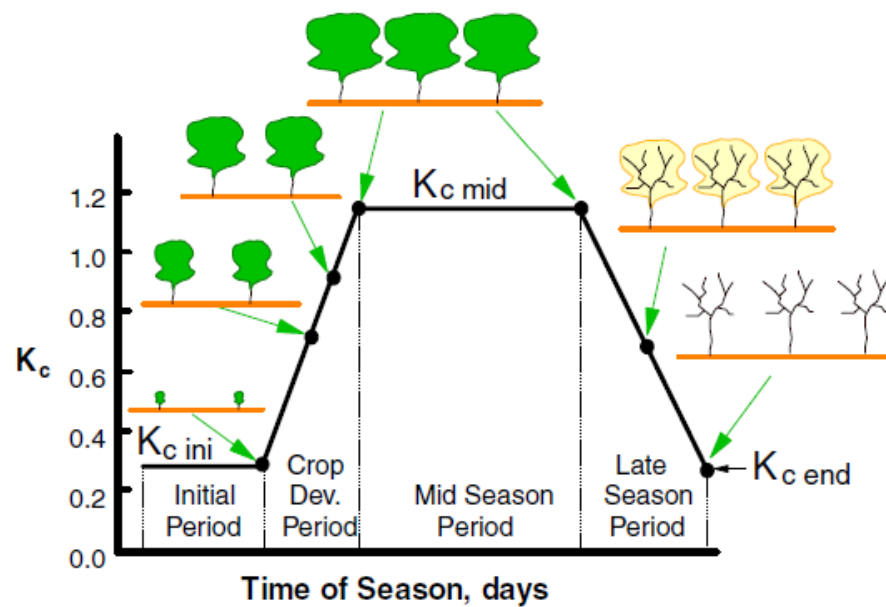
Modelling

- Aim: to predict water use of orchards in South Africa using an existing model, or to develop a new robust model, with minimal and easily accessible input requirements
- Field measurements used to calibrate & verify simulations of annual T & ET (and E_s)
- Various models being tested (e.g. FAO56, SWB, Samani, Allen & Pereira, Dual-source transpiration & soil evaporation with Jarvis stomatal conductance sub-model)



Modelling

- Daily values of T and ET from measurements and modelling
- Used to derive basal (K_{cb}) and full (K_c) crop coefficients for FAO56 type application



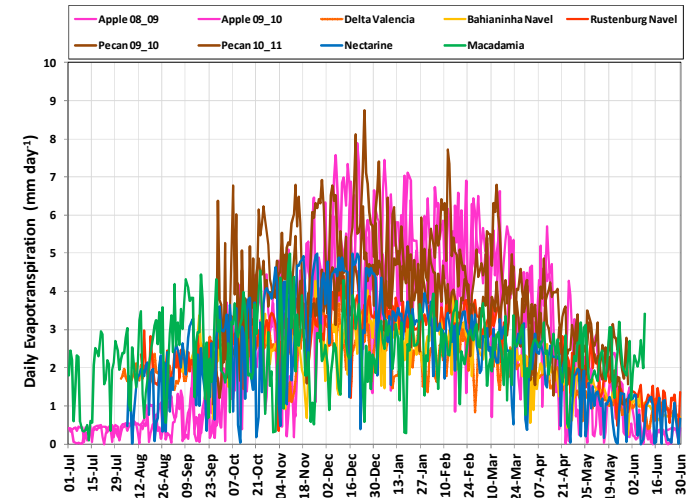
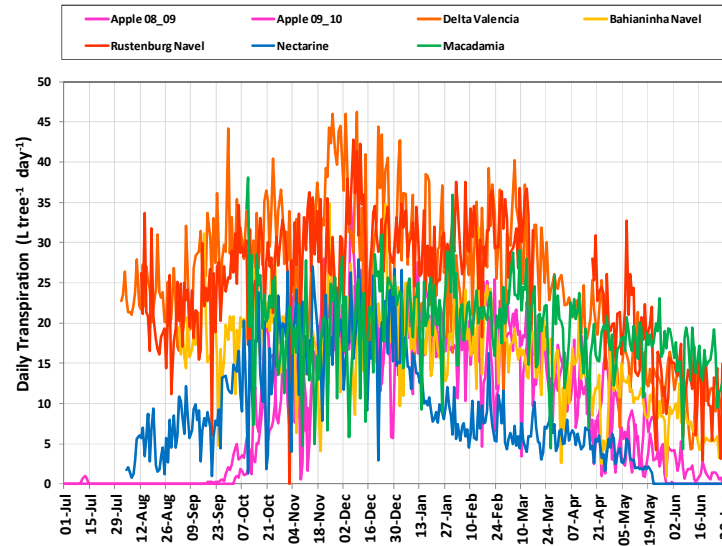


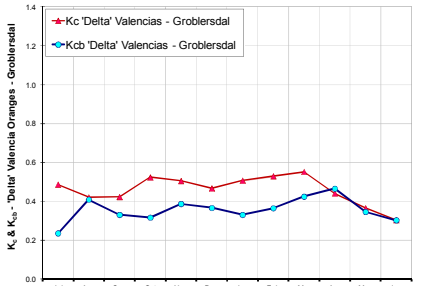
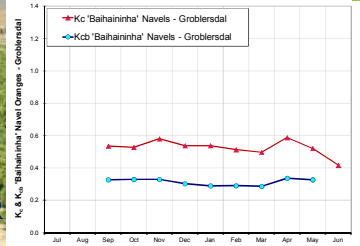
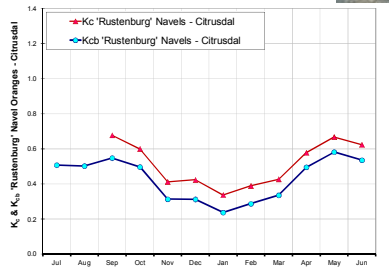
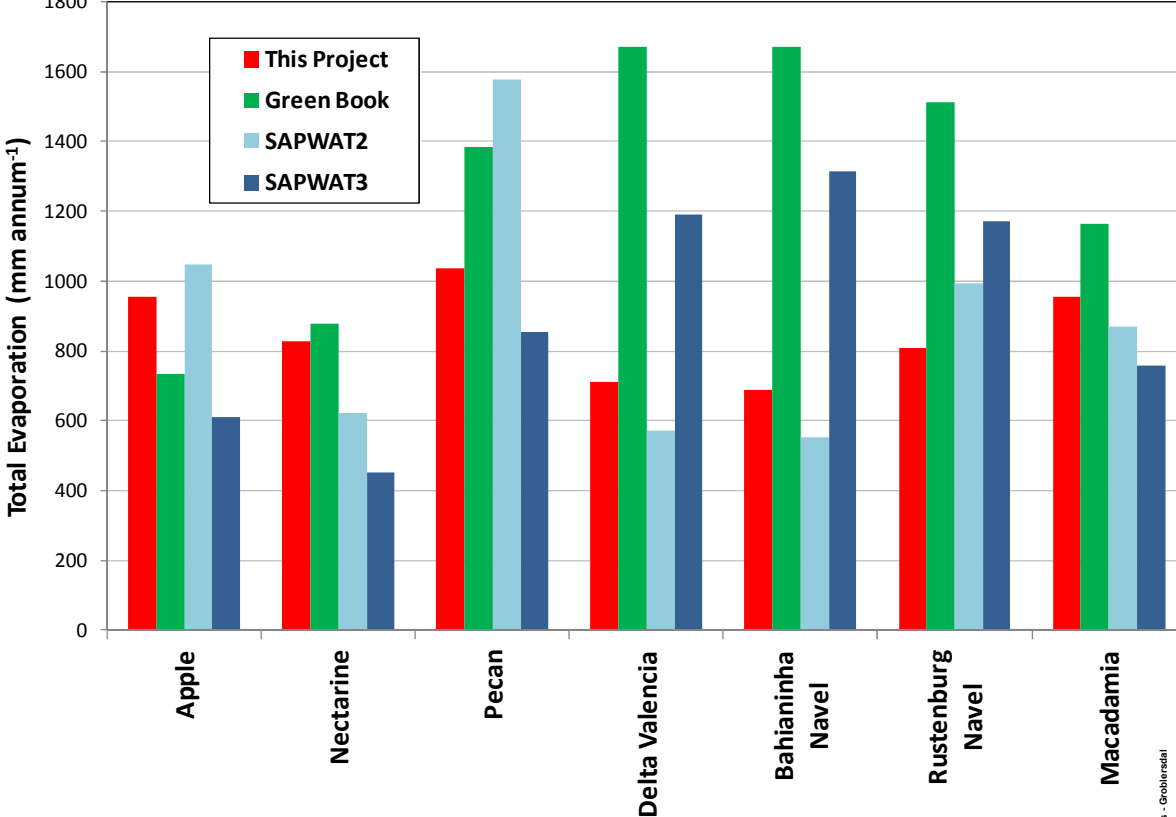
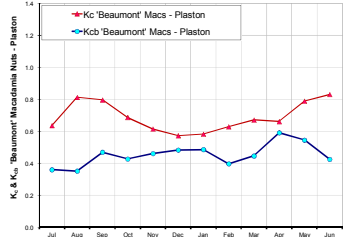
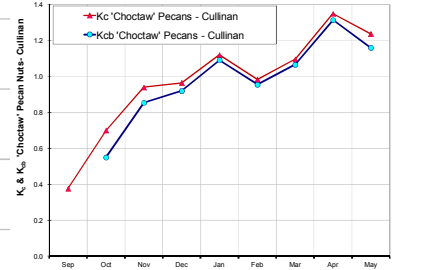
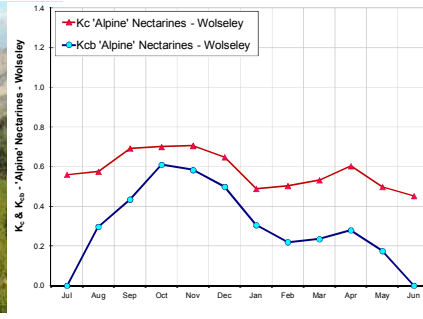
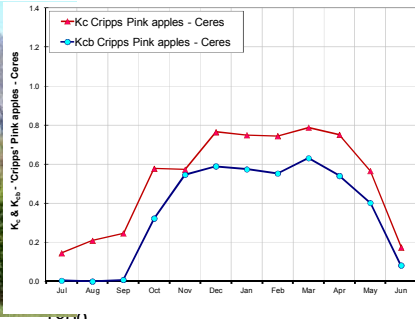
Species-specific volumes of water-use

- Daily, monthly, seasonal and annual totals(L/tree & mm)

Species-specific seasonal variation in water-use

- Links between phenology and water-use





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Outcomes

- Improved fruit tree water-use knowledge, crop factors & models
- Transpiration (mm) \neq Irrigation (mm) due to $<100\%$ IE

Uptake

- Workshops, farmer info days & publications

Potential Impact

- Improved on-farm water management and irrigation scheduling
- Increased water-use efficiency through distinction between beneficial (T) & non-beneficial (ET-T) water-use
- Informed water allocation calculations (m^3/ha)
- Water footprint / Virtual water / Sustainable farming assessments

Way Forward

- Requirement for comprehensive AWS network (for E_t_0)
- Ongoing liaison with DAFF, DWA, Irrig. Boards, Grower Assoc.'s
- Explore possibility to broaden measurements to extra species

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Thank you!

